



Application of Context-driven Methodology for Implementing the Smart City Concept in Czech Republic

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Smart City and methodology

- What is smart city
- Smart city through the lens of Service Science

- Technology used as a tool to support the value co-creation
- Need for effective communication between stakeholders in different contexts





Smart City Concept in Czech Republic

Smart Cities Concept - resilience through SMART solutions for

municipalities, cities, and regions

- Approved by the Government of Czech republic in 2021
- Based on a citizen-centric multi-contextual approach
- Uses service science principles and service-dominant logic





7 SMART principles

The principles of:

- 1. direction change
- 2. resilience
- 3. one solution with multiple effects
- 4. "short distance"
- cooperation and financial sustainability for the aim of achieving effectiveness of the solution

- 6. cohesion and complementarity, horizontal and vertical interconnection
- 7. evidence-based solutions based on facts, openness and data sharing, transparency, and equal opportunities





The structure of Smart Cities Concept

- Main goal resilience
- Layered structure
- Cross-sectional covering area standing on three pillars



Source: Ministry of Regional Development, Laboratory of Service Systems



The implementation of smart agenda in Czech republic

- Implementation Plan of the smart city concept until 2030
- Approved by the Government of Czech republic in 2022
- Introduces two different contexts with different goals and limitations:
 - Government
 - Municipalities and regions





Smart Service Catalogue



Laboratory of Service Systems

7 IESS 2.4

Limitations and case studies

Municipality and regions context

- Perspection of "smart" solutions and project in smaller municipalities
 - Focusing on ad-hoc solutions that save money in short-term
 - Smart as a government construct with no value

- Enormous disparity in similarly sized municipalities
 - Smart strategy for next 5 years vs. sewage and water pipes





Limitations and case studies

Govenment context

- All stakeholders need to understand the multi-contextual approach of the new methodology
 - Changing of responsible personel in different ministries due to election and politics

- Every change to the Smart Cities Concept needs to be approved through the official government process
- No tool to support the implementation, its tracking and management





Further challenges

- Regulatory structures to encompass new technologies
- Data privacy encompassing the interconnectedness of smart city services
- Sustainable and eco-friendly devolopment





Conclusion

- Problem of synchronizing the perspetives of different stakeholders
- Scalability of services and its influence on various contexts
- Government and municipalities, government and regions, regions and municipalities, etc.



